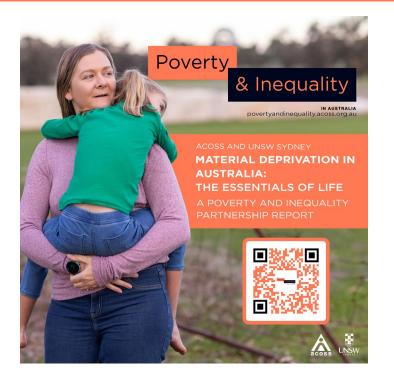
Poverty and Inequality Partnership briefing & report launch



MATERIAL DEPRIVATION IN AUSTRALIA: THE ESSENTIALS OF LIFE Dr Yuvisthi Naidoo, Dr Melissa Wong, Dr Ciara Smyth and Dr Peter Davidson

27 November 2024





Material deprivation

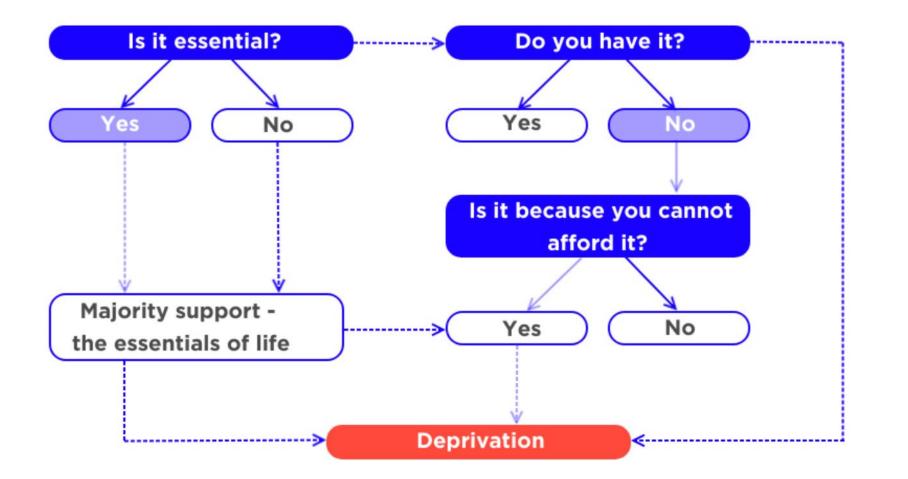
+ People are in poverty when they lack the resources necessary to live within socially acceptable living standards

+ Material deprivation research measures the direct outcomes of a lack of economic resources, reflecting the lived experience of poverty





Measuring deprivation



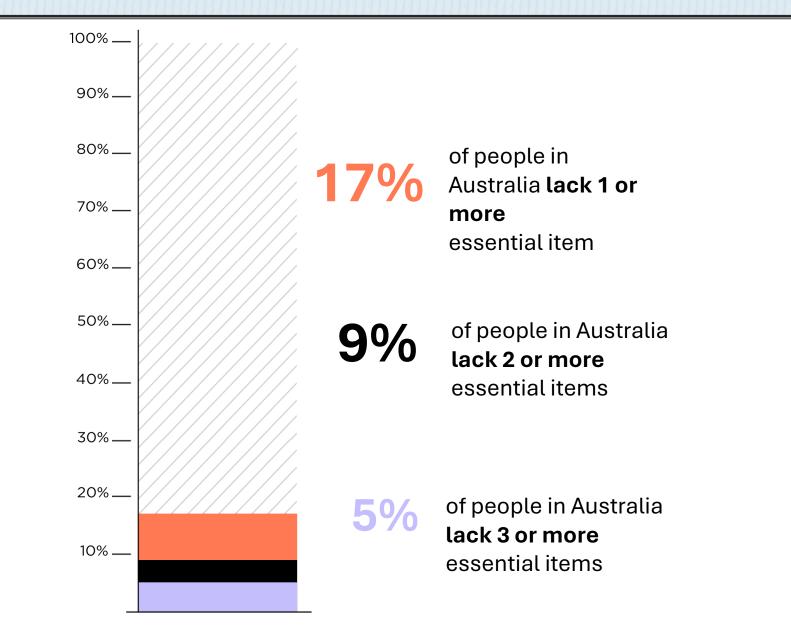




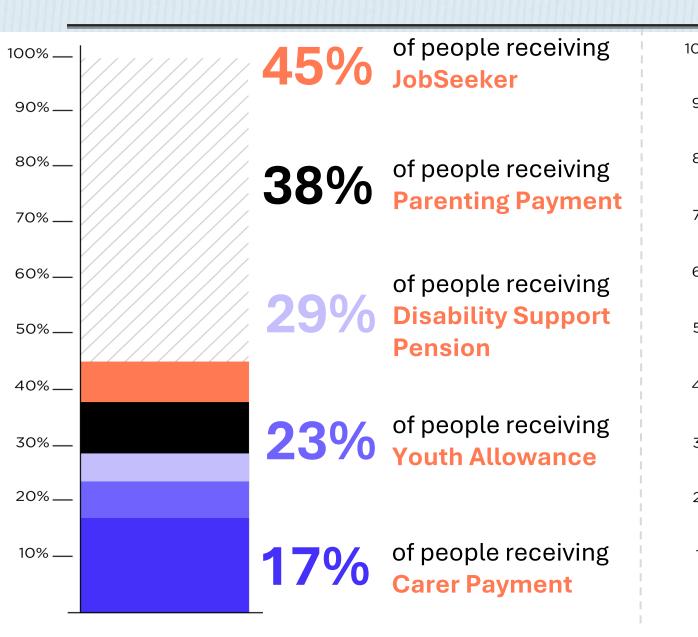
Essential items

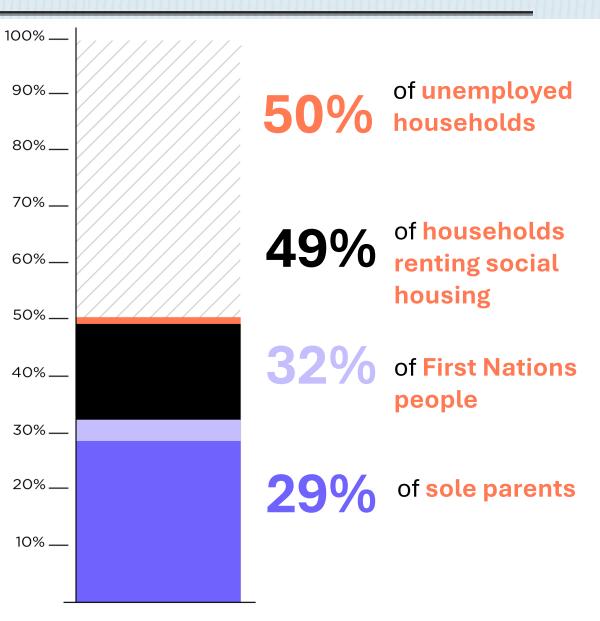
ABOVE 90%					
Warm clothes and bedding, if it's cold.	Medical treatment when needed		A substantial meal at least once a day		Medicines when prescribed by a doctor
A decent and secure home		Dental treatment when needed		A home with doors and windows that are secure	
A yearly dental check up for eac	h child	When it is cold, able to keep at least one room of the house adequately warm		A roof and gutters that do not leak	
70-89%					
Furniture in reasonable condition		Children being able to participate in school trips and events that cost money		A hobby or regular leisure activity for children	
At least \$500 in savings for an emergency		A washing machine		A separate bed for each child	
Getting together with friends or relatives at least once a month		A mobile phone		Access to the internet at home	
BELOW 70%					
Home contents insurance	New school clothes for school age children every year		Comprehensive moto insurance	or vehicle	A motor vehicle
Buying presents for immediate family or close friends at least once a year		A week's holiday away from home each year		A television	

Material deprivation in Australia

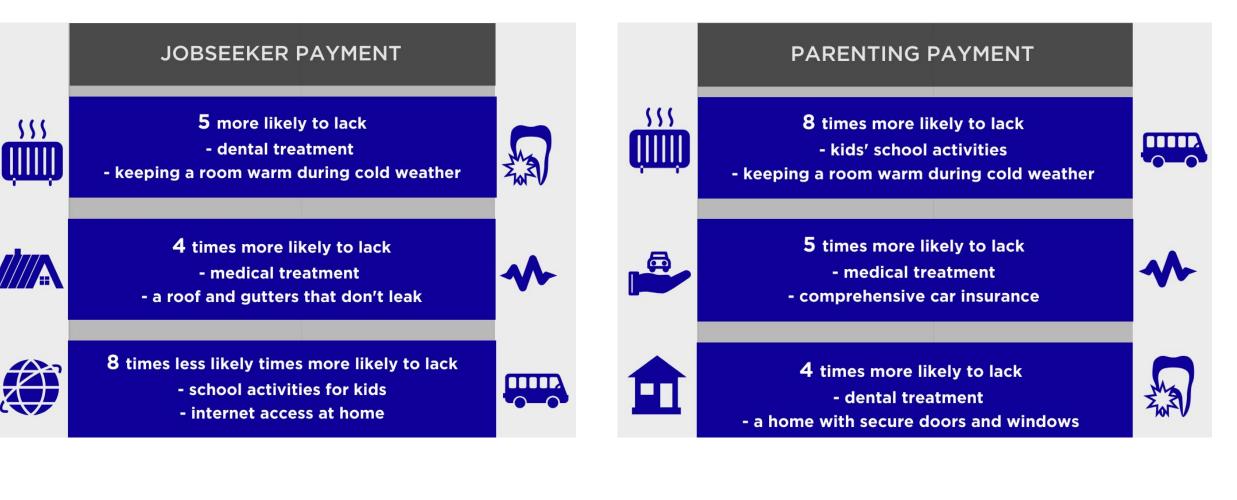


Lacking in 2 or more essential items





Deprivation rates

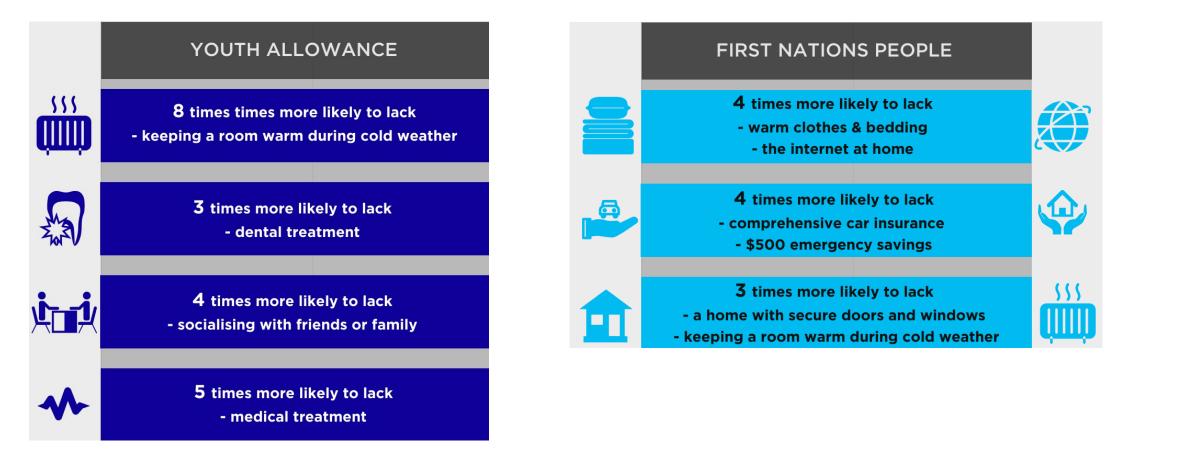


Poverty & Inequality

IN AUSTRALIA



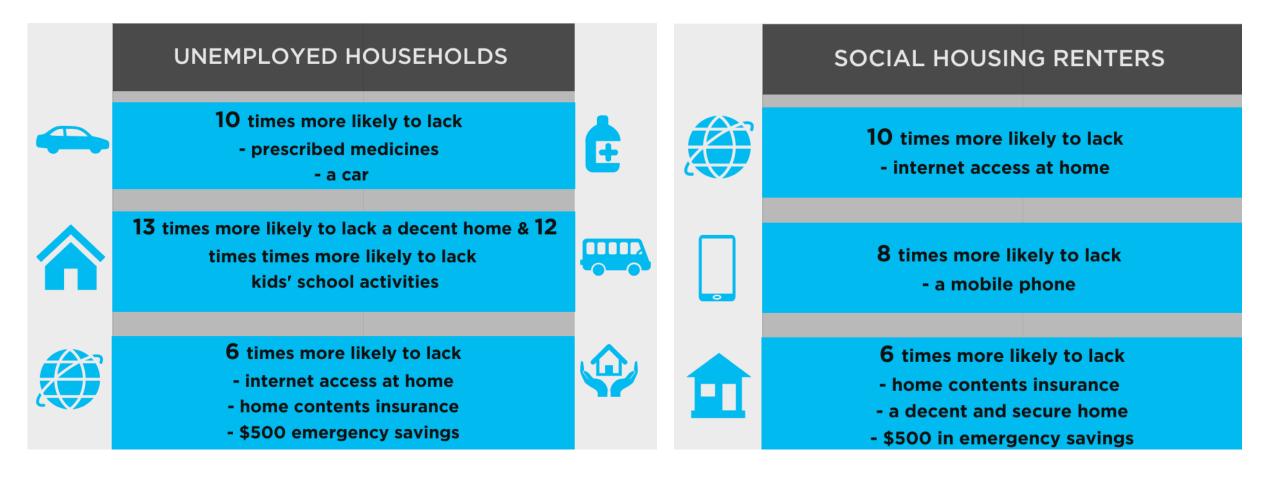
Deprivation rates







Deprivation rates







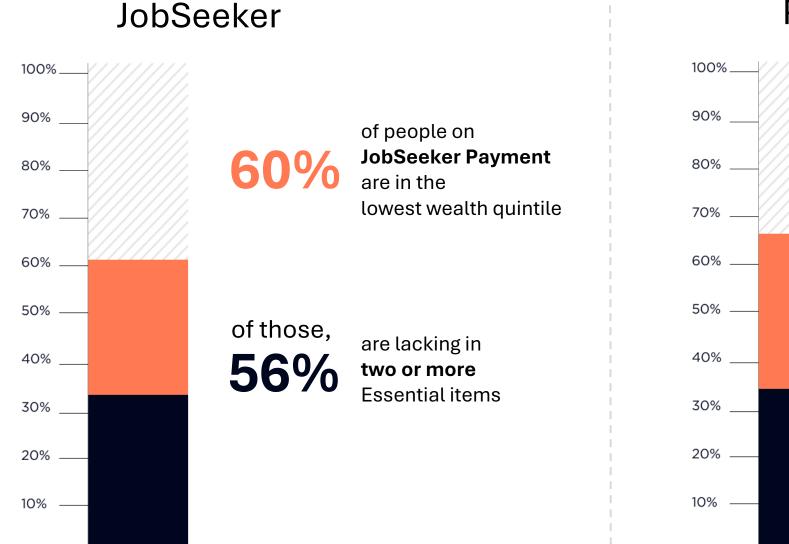
Material deprivation and low wealth

- + People living below the poverty line are more likely to face multiple deprivation, especially those with limited wealth to draw upon
- People ranked in the lowest 20% of the wealth distribution (median wealth holding of \$24,500) are 4 times more likely to experience multiple deprivation

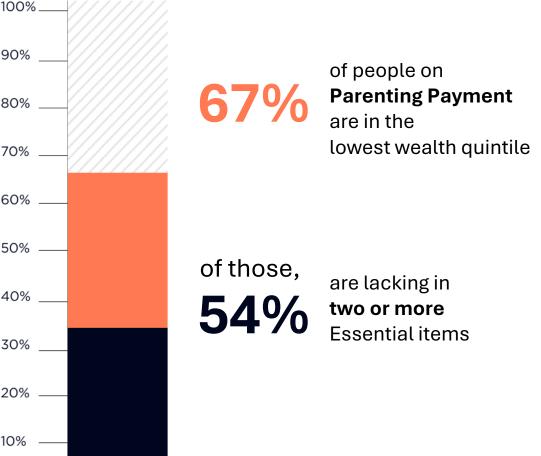




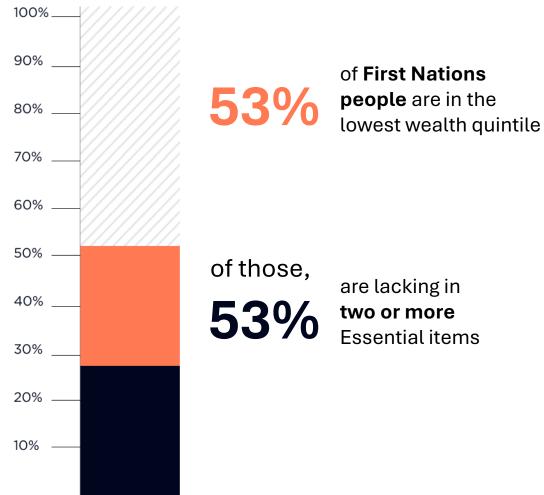
Material deprivation and low wealth



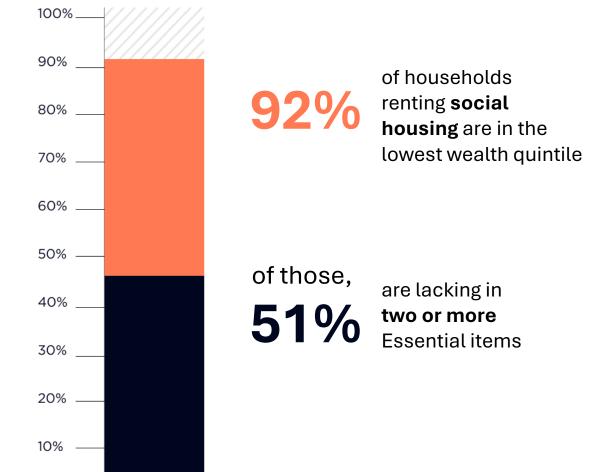
Parenting Payment



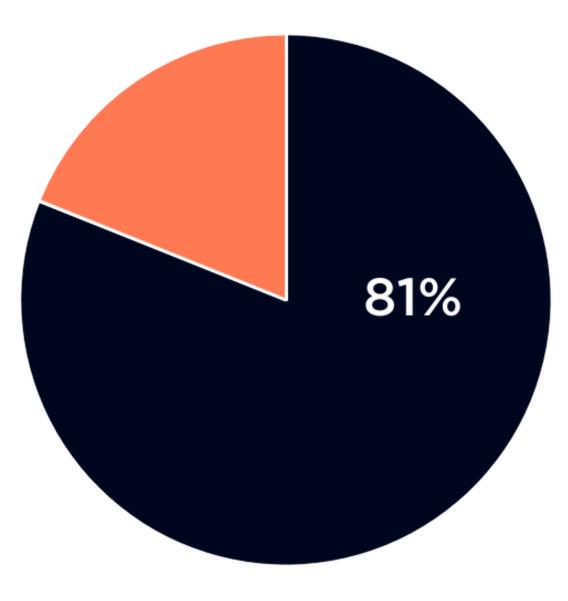
First Nations people



Households renting social housing



Living with low income, low wealth and material deprivation







Concluding thoughts

- + Many Australians lack essential items
- + These are core to a decent and socially acceptable standard of living in Australia
- 8 key low income and wealth groups face a much higher risk of experiencing material deprivation
- + Many children and young adults experiencing multiple deprivation now are at risk of longterm social and economic exclusion
- + Income support payments are clearly inadequate
- + We need to do more to support people with barriers to work in paid employment
- + The ability to generate wealth plays an important role to protect against poverty





Read the full report

https://bit.ly/3V0R9R0





